

ASC Long Covid Insights

Emerging Trends or Issues

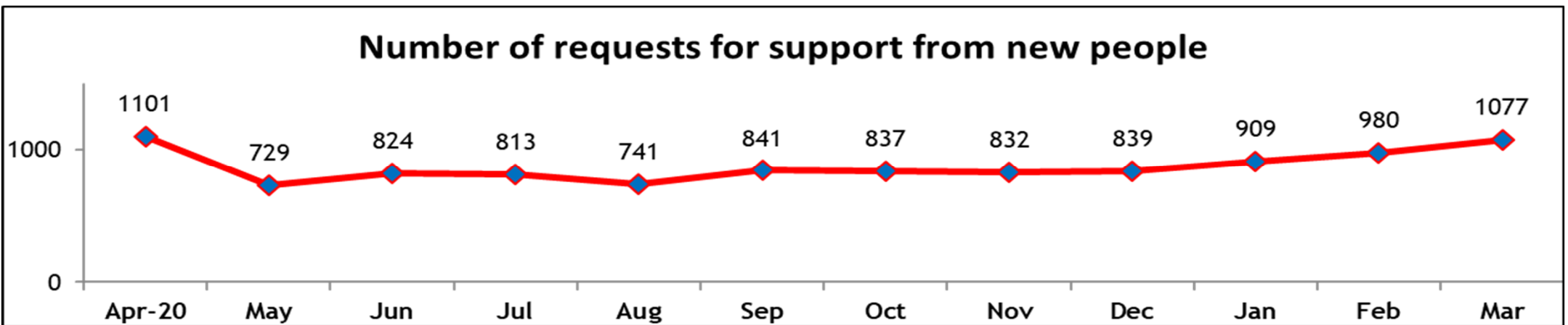
Context

- ASC uses a case management system (Liquid Logic) to capture information and produce reports
- This includes health and disability information, which is linked to a persons need for ASC
- Covid / long covid is not a 'factor' within Liquid Logic so reports cannot be produced on people who have had covid
- General trend data has been reviewed, where the impact of covid on people's need for ASC might be having an influence on activity changes. No direct correlation to long covid should be drawn

Demand

- Demand from new people for ASC support fell during the early covid period. This has now returned to pre-covid levels
- Based on referral patterns returning to pre-covid levels, including for those with physical health conditions, there is no current view that long covid is resulting in increased demand but this is perhaps too early to be sure about and will be monitored into next year

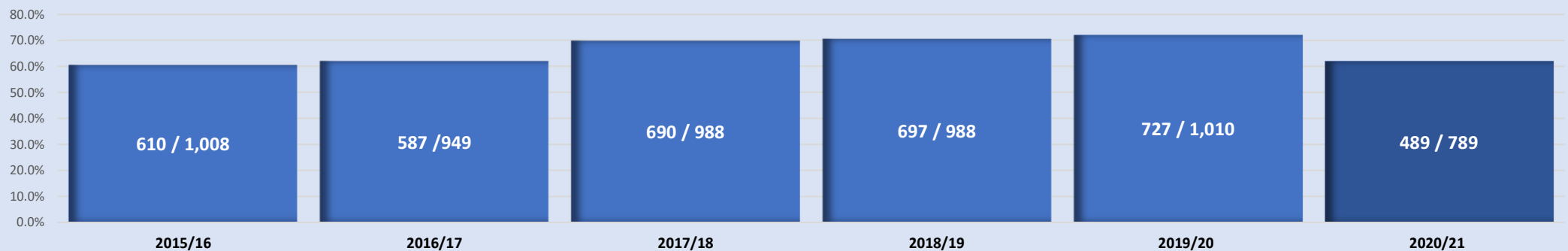
Number of requests for support from new people



Outcomes of short term support

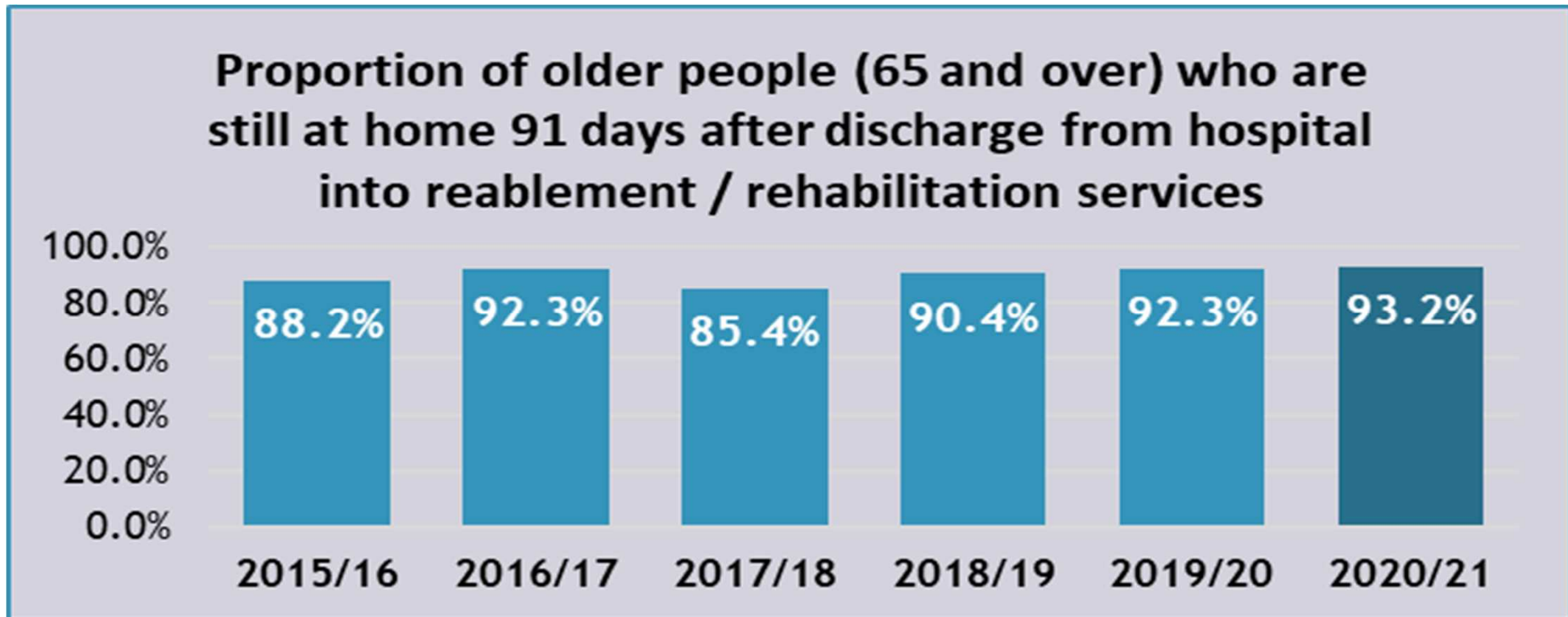
- The % of people who received a short term support offer fell substantially during 20/21, linked to fewer planned care episodes in hospital
- Those discharged were generally more poorly, having been an emergency admission, and often covid related; the likelihood of people being fully independent fell

Effectiveness of reablement/enablement:
No request was made for ongoing support



Outcomes from short term support

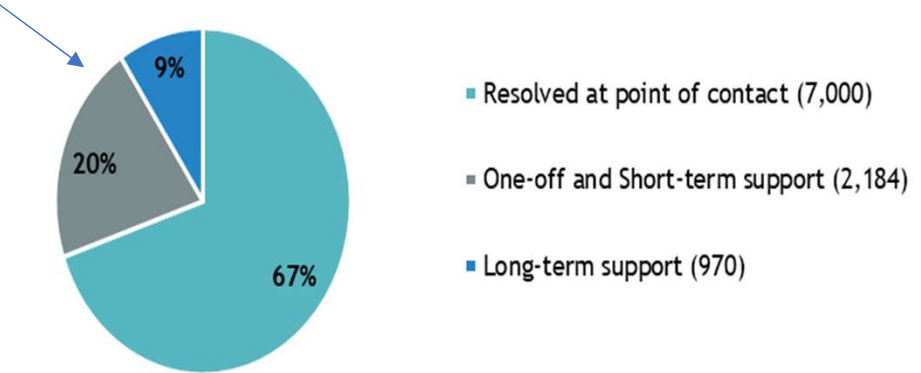
- Although fewer people were fully independent, ASC was able to maintain the % of people who remained in their own home following a discharge into reablement
- These people were more likely to require ongoing care than in previous years



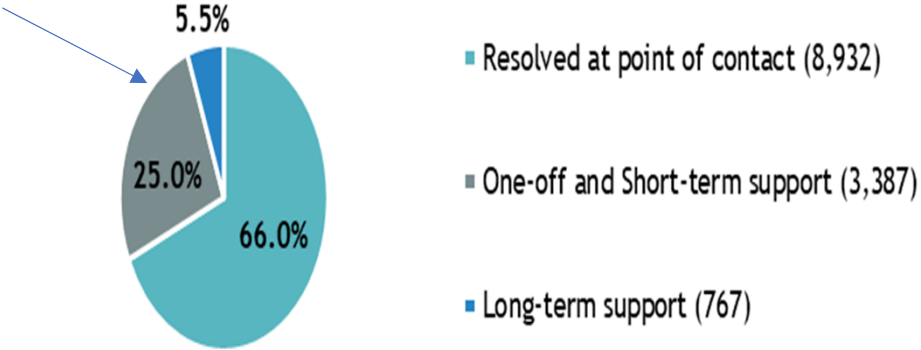
Provision of longer term support

- The numbers of people whose needs were resolved at point of contact was fairly consistent to last year. What has changed in 2020/21 is the split between short term and long term support being agreed on initial contact.
- There is no evidence to suggest a change in the proportionality of outcomes based on ethnicity

Outcome of requests for support - 2020/21



Outcome of requests for support -2019/20



Provision of longer term support

- The number of new people going into long-term support continues to increase (an average of over 100 per month in the fourth quarter of 20/21). This is well over the monthly average of 64 last year, and at levels not seen over the last five years.
- This reverses trends achieved by increased use of community and one-off support in recent years, suggesting people have more enduring / less resolvable ASC needs

